WHEELING, WEST VA., SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 14, 1879,

VOLUME XXVII.—NUMBER 251.

# The Intelligencer.

We have no idea that the Colonel made

will haunt him and tarnish the fair fame Onney Adams Nedenbousch, and we adhim in the interst of his peace of

Tue Cincinnati Enquirer of vesterday tates Commissioner of Internal Revenue, which it is shown that this country is broadstuffs to the Old World, but also as liquor. In 1875 we exported to Eushould. In 1876 the amount was more

and the figures for that year reached \$5,-(a),(0)). For the first nine months of this that year the amount was 12,000,000 galredicts the amount will reach 16,000,000 predicts the amount will reach 16,000,000 pallons. The spirits thus exported are sent to all parts of Europe and used for all purposes, in art and science, by being reconverted into milder stimulants to fortify the European wines, and in this form For purity, the American manufacture of alcohol, it is stated, ranks abroad as the best. American beer, which is also being exported in large quantities, is also found by Europeans equal to the best of their manufacture, and is eagerly sought wherever it has been dispensed. Here, then, is a new market for the grain of the country.

The Register thinks the course of the Tare Register thinks the course of the Tare Register thinks and the state of the Tare Register thinks are course of the Tare Register thinks are constant to the course of the Course of the Tare Register thinks are constant to the course of the Course of the Tare Register thinks are constant to the course of the Course of the Tare Register thinks are constant to the course of the Cou

There are two sides to such a proposi-The other side is that the course referred to ought to satisfy all the friends party that such a crowd is not the one in Ewing's partisans are attempting to play off is to pretend to the friends of good ey that the financial question has been Ewing on general party grounds, without The reason why Ewing was nomiinted is because he is a reactionist on the ntend that the resumption of specie pay nents shall prove a success if he can bring about legislaton to break it down. 'His elec tion would be regarded as a verdict in favor of his financial heresies and would tend to discourage the sound money senmans, who naturally go in for honest money, are raising their voices against Ewing. German Democrats are not, as a general

We are perfectly willing to see the pro gramme suggested in the above extract carfall and met with an inglorious defeat. Let night as w West Virginia, and everywhere else, and Democrats unite, as they did in Michigan, with those who mean to stand by what has been accomplished in our finances as the surest and speediest method of reach-

# POLITICAL NOTES.

SENATOR HENRY G. DAVIS is considered conservative in his financial notions. (whatever that may mean). We should say that he is a sort of echo for Thur-

Mr. WARNER, of Ohio, whose silver bill has been smothered by the Senate Committee on Finance, predicts that the course of the committee will loss the Democrats fire thousand votes in Ohlo.

Mr. Hendricks in a talk with a reporter St. l'aul (Minn.) Pioncer Press the other day repeated his refusal to go on the Democratic ticket in 1880. He said that he thought that Grant would be the Re-

publican candidate for President.

Is the House of Representatives Committee on Rules, which consists of Speaker Randall and Representatives Stephens, Blackburn, Garfield and Frye, obtains leave to sit during the recess it will hold leave to sit during the recess it will hold leave to sit during the recess it was the its sessions at the White Sulphur Springs S. Laughtin, G. Laughtin, G. Counan a Co.

of West Virginia.

Mr. Carroll. D. Wright, of the Massachusetts Bureau of Statistics, is compiling the facts regarding crimes in that Herald of restenlay. State in order to answer the question whether crime is increasing. He says that the assertions of the public speakers for the last twenty years are the result of

nation in a manner which they hope to make effective. They propose to call from the General an avowal or disavowal of his

be contented with any equivocal denial."

The New Orleans "Picagene" (Dem. protests earnestly against the plan to sen steamboats down the Mississippi river to take away the negroes, and says:

take away the negroes, and says:

"Our people would not be the only sufferers. It would be felt throughout the country. The consumptive power of the South would be vastly diminished and every branch of trade be affected. Let the solid journals of the North interpose to prevent the consummation of these crazy schemes. The true humanitarians, the real friends of the negro, should frown down this misguided effort to disaffect him at the present time."

At the last election in Callaway county, Mo., a may was elected Probate Judge af.

Mo., a man was elected Probate Judge after a canvass in which he ran on an inif chosen, he would accept only a specified fund. His defeated opponent instituted preme Court has decided that a "vote consideration of his promise in case he bli hes an interview with the United or other valuable thing to a third party, whether such party be an individual, a

County Court Proceedings—Seventy-five Bollars for J. H. Good—The Limbilities of the County—P., W. & Ky. Assess-ments—Levy for 1879.

for services in the Circuit Court on behalf of the State, in the trial of the case of the State vs. David Parkinson, lately tries

in the Sheriff's hands for sale, being ac counted for and returned, the entire batch was ordered burned, which was accord

ngly done.
H. G. Lazear was allowed \$90 and Abra ham Wilson \$31 50 for expenses incurred

gether with receipts from other sources, amounted to \$18,511 15, and on settlement

tion of railroad property within the county be apportioned to the several districts in the county as follows. Valuation of the P. W. & Ky. R. R., \$15,667.73; valuation of P. C. & St. L. R. R., \$124,408.60. Total, \$220,136.33.

Cross Creek district-P. C. & St. L. R R. Co. entire), \$124,468 60.

PROPERTY OF P. W. & KY. R. R. CO. In Wellsburg district, property, \$15,-944 62; in Buffalo district, \$44,644 94; in Cross Creek district, \$35,078 16. Total,

Cross Creek district, \$35,078 16. Total, \$95,067 72. Ordered that there is hereby levied the sum of seventy cents (30 cents for railroad bonds interest and 40 cents for all other purposes) en each one hundred dollars of taxable property of Brooke county for county purposes for the ensuing fiscal year commencing June 1st, 1879, and that the Sherliff proceed to collect the same. Ordered that there be levied 10 cents on each one hundred dollars of the taxable property in Cross Creek and Buffalo districts for road purpose, and the assessor is

tricts for road purpose, and the assessor is hereby directed to make the proper ex-tensions on his books.

belout. It was attempted in Michigan last ficient to guard the public interests at the same thing be tried in Ohio, and in

C. E. Stifel & Sons. P. Kennedy, E. Rall & Co., Stone & Thomas, L. Swabacker, Friend & Son, Friend & Son Brues a tuffer, Lucian Hoge, McCallough & Hene Renjamin Baer, Norton & List, Simon Baer & Son, R. T. Devries, Jacob Snyder,

Centre Foundry Comp Oglebay & Son, Isalah warren & Co., A. P. Franzell, R. J. Smyth, G. Mendel & Co., Geo. B. Taylor, B. Fisher, A. W. Paull

eo. B. Taylor,
Flaher,
W. Paull
tt, Hall & Co.,
Vm. Graham,
A.D. Seamon,
A. L. Rice & Co.,
Vm. Hice & Co.,
Vm. High a Ros.
Envisioner & Co.,
Committa & Woods,
Hace Brock,
Committa & Woods,
Hace Brock,
Committa & Woods,
Hace Brock,
Co.,
Copo, Sampliner
J. R. Acker,
J. R. Acker,
Thoburn & Sro,
Christ, Steehr,
C. W. Seabright,
P. A. Delbrugge. That Proposed Coal Shute at Stenbe

ville. That long talked of coal chute project of the other side of the river seems to be coming to a head, judging by the following from the last twenty years are the result of cuesswork, and the compilation will deal with the subject exhaustively and settle the question as clearly as that regarding anemployed labor was settled last year.

This floston Journal says: "While there is little doubt of General Butler's becoming the regularly nominated candidate of the Democrats for Governor of Masschusetts, there is a growing disposition on the part of not a few influential memoral south the part of not a few influential memoral set."

coming to a head, judging by the following from the Monongahela Republican: "A move is on foot to ship coal over the move is on

## FAIRMONT.

The Closing Exercises at the Norma School-Large Attendance of People and Deep Interest in the Institution-The Contest Between the Literary So-cieties—Addresses by Supt. Pendleton Dr. Logan and Others.

Noting that your regular corresponden from this place is not reporting the pro-ceedings of the week regularly, I will try to give you my views of matters and things as viewed by a stranger. I came to Fair noon, and stopping at the Hough House, taken care of. In the afternoon of that day I looked in upon the meeting of the The Republican Senators Decide to Alumni, but as it was a business meeting it could not interest me. So I went to the public school building, where I was very well entertained for some time listening to various performances given by the pupils of Room No. 2 of that school.

The public schools of Fairmont are sure

pils of Room No. 2 of that school.

The public schools of Fairmont are surely in a flourishing condition under the supervision of Prof. T. C. Miller, and we venture the assertion that they are not excelled by any schools of a like grade in the State. The people take an interest in this, as well as the Normal School, as is shown by the manner in which the various rooms are finished and furnished, and also by the money appropriated by them for apparatus. But the great excitement this week is the closing exercises of the State Normal Schools, part of which has already been reported in your paper. Last evening an address was delivered before the Normal Literary Society, by Hon. D. B. Lucas, of Jefferson county. His subject, "The Lives and Studies of the Poets," was handled in a masterly manner, though the reading of his address from manuscript detracted much from the effect it would otherwise have produced. effect it would otherwise have produced. But on the whole it was a more than or-

Yesterday afternoon the Commence nent exercises proper began, and som Yesterday afternoon the Commencement exercises proper began, and some fifteen of the twenty-five graduates delivered essays and orations that were an honor to the performers and the school. I will not particularize, but I speak what I felt when I say that all were good. Last night was the contest between the Mozart and Normal Lyceum Literary Societies, the contestants being one lady from each on declamation and essay respectively, and one gentleman each on oration, and one each on debate. The Mozart carried off the honors on essay and oration, the Normal Lyceum on declamation, while the debate was decided a tie. The question was, "Should Chinese emigration be restricted in the United States?" It was so ably discussed that Prof. McBeth, of Morgantown, stated publicly that it ex-

was so ably discussed that Frof. McBeth, of Morgandown, stated publicly that it ex-celled anything in the line of debate that he had ever heard at the University. This, is a matter of course, was received with applause by the large and appreciative au-

applause by the large and appreciative audience present.
On last evening Hon. W. K. Pendleton and Dr. T. H. Logan arrived, and will remain until the close of the performances.
At 9 o'clock this morning the Normal Hall was again crowded, to hear, the remainder of the graduates perform. At the close the diplomas were presented by Dr. Pendleton, in an appropriate speech, giving much good advice, and announcing at the close that Miss Dickey had been selected as Principal of the school for the coming year, and Miss Fleming and Mr. Fleming as assistants. This announcement was received with clapping of hands by the students.

by the students.

Dr. T. H. Logan made a few appropriate and feeling remarks, as did also Mr. Butcher and Dr. Hall, of Ritchie country.

At 3 o'clock v. x. Charles Davies, Esq., of Harper's Ferry, delivered an address which was one of the grandest efforts of the occasion. We remained purposety to hear it, and feel amply repaid. His subject, "Columbus and the Discovery of America," was handled in a most masterly manner.

each other on parade we have the blue Fairmont Normal School? Is it to live or the City of Wheeling.

To the Hon. Mayor and City Council of the City of Wheeling:

We, the undersigned citizens of Wheeling, feeling the necessity for a stronger police force than we now have in our city, and especially desiring to have a force sufficient to guard the public interests at light as well as day, humbly ask your monorable body to make provision for make provision for the hold of the feeled of the continue to the first in the morning and the other after the adjournment of the Senate. Both were devoted to the inter-change of views were selected the appropriation bill could be here and witness what I have witnessed. I apprehend that they did.

But we close with wishing success not only to this school, but to all our educations. The free of the first in the morning and the other after the adjournment of the Senate. Both were devoted to the inter-change of views feeletated the appropriation bill could be here and witness what I have witnessed. I apprehend that they did.

But we close with wishing success not only to this school, but to all our educations in behalf of the inter-change size of this Government, and the commercial enterprises of its citizens.

Two fully attended sessions of caucus of the Republican Senators were held to-day to the first in the morning and the other after the adjournment of the Senate. Both were devoted to the inter-change of views are provided to the first in the morning and the other after the adjournment of the Senate. Both were devoted to the inter-change of views are provided to the first in the morning and the other after the adjournment of the Senate. Both were devoted to the inter-change of views are provided to the first in the morning and the other after the adjournment of the Senate. Both were devoted to the inter-change of views are provided to the first in the morning and the other a

tional institutions.

# The Wool Market.

Wool in Coshocton last week, commanded 311 cents, and a few sales were reported at 35. The excitement for a few days seemed to rival in scale that of a Chicago Voodsfield (O.) Republican.

The wool trade was hot last week in the western part of the county, and wool buy-ers were thicker than lightning rod ped-illers after a thunder storm. Prices started at 21 cents but finally reached 34 cents:

New Lisbon Patriot.

The farmers will be pleased to know that wood is commanding a fair price; 35 and 37 cents is now offered per pound, and the price may reach 40 cents. We are glad to see this prosperity among our farmer friends.

Wool is coming in slowly and is selling at from 30 to 35 cents per pound, accord-ing to quality-only very choice lots bringng the latter price.

We presume that in a short time that class of shrewd and polite men known as wool buyers will be engaged in the work of buying the wool of Harrison county. We presumes, also, that in consideration of all the numerous discussions and exhortations, both by wool growers and wool buyers, in the numerous meetings of the Harrison County Wool Growers' and the Harrison County Wool Growers' and Sheep Breeder's Association, that two important results will have been ascomplished, and will be presently made manifest. First, that the wool will, generally, be in a very nice condition, and second, that the buyers will pay a higher price for that which is nice and clean, and a lower price for that which is poorly washed and greasy. Now is the time for the buyers to live up to their promises in this matter, or forever afterward to hold their peace.

. . THE greatest disorders that afflict \*\* The greatest disorders that afflict elsewhere by some of his colleagues, to Kidney and Bladder melt away before the all-potent Retheada Water. In this city to-day are men, in full enjoyment of life and health, who firmly believe that but for they could be in their graves.

A long discussion ensued, similar in

## DOMESTIC NEWS

Rekindling of the Point Breeze Fire.

erty and Shipping.

Yesterday's Turf Sports at the Leading Cities.

The Two Senatorial Caucuses Last Evening.

Oppose the Army Bill.

rially Modified.

And Threatens to Resign the Finance Committee Chairmanship.

## WASHINGTON.

CAUCUSING THE SITUATION.

the testimony there was no proof to sus-tain the charges, was admitted as evidence, together with the record of the Senate on the day of the election.

Subscriptions to the 4 per cent refund

REPLY TO KNOTT'S BILL OF CONFEDERAT.

Mr. Lapham is mentioned by his colleagues on the Judiciary Committee as the proper person to prepare the views of the minority on the Presidential veto, and in rebuttal of the report of the majority prepared by Chairman Knott.

THE DAMIEN CANAL.

The following message, from the President, accompanied by a report of the Sector of State, was laid before the House previous to adjournment to-day:

on the President's constitutional power as commander-in-chief of the army. The Judicial expenses bill was discussed

THE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

The Democratic members of the Senate assembled in caucus this morning in response to a call issued at the instance of the friends of the Warner silver bill, and designed to effect the same arrangement if possible, for action on that measure. A new matter for consideration was present if possible, for action on that measure. A new matter for consideration was presented by the tender on the part of Senator Bayard, of his resignation as chairman of the Finance Committee, offered by him on account of remarks made in caucus and elsewhere by some of his colleagues, to the effect that the committee should be recognized to accord with the views of a majority of the party on the silver question.

# most of its features to that which took place in last Monday's caucus, but bring ing out also a decided opposition on the part of a number of "aliver men" themselves to the acceptance of Bayard's resignation, and in the expression of opinion of several of them that the bill needs amendment in various particulars, especially to make the 9th section conform to the 4th, which gives seignorage to the government.

Immense Destruction of Prop-

Unless the Sixth Section in Mate-

Senator Bayard Don't Like the Way the "Boys" Talk About Him.

CAUCUSING THE SHUATION.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The Democrats and Republicans of the Senate each held a caucus this morning, and both adjourned without a decision, to meet again in the afternoon. The Democrats considerate

KELLOGO-SPOFFORD. RELIDGO-SPOPPORD.

In the Kellogg-Spofford investigation to-day, the record of the Louisiana House of Representatives of January 1877, showing the appointment of a committee to investigate the charges of bribery in procuring the election of Kellogg, and the report of the subject, that according to the testimony there was no proof, to says

DEMOCRATS CAUCUS ON THE SILVER BILL. DENOCRATS CALCUS ON THE SHAPER BILL.

The Democratic caucus appointed a committe to confer with the members of the Finance Committee and report to another caucus, not later than Monday, what course of action can be agreed upon with reference to the silver bill.

To the House of Representatives:

To the House of Representatives:

I transmit herewith, in compliance with
the House resolution of the 20th uit, the
report of the Secretary of State, relative to
the steps taken by this government to
promote the establishment of an interoceanic canal across or near the Isthmus
of Darien.

[Signed]
Washington, June 13, 1879.

The report of the Secretary of State of

Washington, June 13, 1879.

The report of the Socretary of State, after reviewing the whole subject and referring to the sending of Commissioners to take part in the Inter-Oceanic Canal Congress at Paris, says: "The policy of the United States on the general subject of the Isthmian transit, is understood to have been and to be not to undertake the construction of a ship canal on its own account, even if the practicability of such a work at a reasonable cost was to be shown, but to secure by treaties protection to the capital of such citizens as may be disposed to embark in the enterprise. It will be my purpose to give an attentive consideration to whatever may pass in other commercial countries relative to this subject, and to omit no favorable opportunity for

Speeches of considerable length and much earnestness were made by Senators Conkling, Hoar and Blaine, and the views of almost all the other members were in-dicated by brief remarks of an informal character. Finally it was agreed with substantial unanimity that the passage of the Army Appropriation Bill in its present shape should be opposed by the Repub-

the Army Appropriation Bill in its present shape should be opposed by the Republican party in the Senate, unless the majority consent to the addition of a proviso to the sixth section declaring that it shall not be construed to prevent the use of troops to execute any existing law.

This determination was arrived at in consequence of the doubts very generally expressed in the caucus whether the enactment of this section would not altogether prevent the use of troops for the enforcement of any law on election days in time of peace, it being held by many lawyers present that any use of the army except against armed enemies, would necessarily be for police purposes. It was also based upon the broad principle, to which every member assented, that it is the duty of Congress to make an appropriation in accordance with existing laws.

The point was also raised against the sixth section of this little is in the first was the section of this little in the first was the section of the little to the little in the section of the little test the section of the little to th The point was also raised against the sixth section of this bill that it infringed

The Judicial expenses on was discussed very briefly, but as it also contains clauses in the nature of conditions precedent to theuse of the money which it appropriates, the caucus agreed with absolute unanimity that its passage should be likewise opposed unless these conditions are eliminated.

to the 4th, which gives seignorage to the government.

At the close of the discussion it was agreed to refer the whole matter, including Bayard's proffered resignation, to a committee consisting of Thurman, Me-Donald and Garland for consideration and report to a future meeting of the caucus.

No other action was taken, but there seems to be a general expectation among the Democratic Senators, as a consequence of the interchange of views in to-day's caucus, that Bayard will withdraw his resignation and that the majority of the Finance Committee will allow the silver bill to be reported back to the Senate without recommendation and placed on calendar, with the understanding that no action be taken on the measure until the

consent to this course of procedure in the nature of the compromise, though he would insist on resigning his chairman-ship if Coke's resolution to discharge the

A Revival of the Flames.

PHILADELPHIA, June 13 .- The Point Breeze fire has broken out again. A patches from there say the whole place is

ras rekindled at 11:15 A. M., by a stiff breeze which prevailed and the flames were fanned to immense proportions. The Atlantic Petroleum Storage Company's warehouse building, about 500 feet long and 150 feet wide took fire from the burnng oil which escaped from the Hudson. since the fire of Wednesday. The entire works and surroundings are in immient

received from Point Breeze: The flames are gaining, and it is feared now that the fire will reach the Point Breeze Oil Works. A strong westerly breeze blev the flames to the wharf of the Atlantic Petroleum A strong westerly breeze blew the flames to the wharf of the Atlantic Petroleum Storage Company, and the fire at once spread to a large shed, 200 by 80 feet, imimmediately south of the warehouse, which was destroyed. The wind then veered to the north, and a long line of sheds, extending for nearly a mile to the southward, caught fire, and by noon all were ablaze, with 7,300 barrels of oil which they contained. South of these sheds is the Point Breeze Oil Works alluded to in the above dispatches, and below that point are large numbers of frame buildings occupied by the workmen and their families. In the rear of the line of seven sheds reported on fire are five other and larger warehouses. These are separated from the burning sheds by an elevations they will be saved, as well as the Atlantic Oil Company's tanks, further east, which contain 135,000 barrels of crude and 40,000 barrels of refined oil. The brick residence of Mr. Wilson, near the first of the sheds which took fire this morning, is burned.

norning, is burned.

At 1:15 the fire had reached the Em-

At 1:15 the fire liad reached the Empire shed, where it burned 30,000 empty barrels. This place is the first warehouse above Point Breeze oil works, but it is believed the fire has reached its southern limit at that point and that the oil works will be saved.

2:15 r. st. — The fire at Point Breeze today was started from the bark Ilion, not from the Hudson. The Ilion, which has been burning for two days up to this morning, upset and scattered its burning contents into the river. In this way the fire was communicated to the shore. The loss on the Empire stores, wharf and contents will reach about \$180,000; loss on Atlantic Petroleum stores will reach \$100,000, with-

been cut to head the fire off from the refinery. The fire has now little or nothing to feed upon. The five vessels destroyed at Point Breeze, Wednesdsy last, were valued altogether at nittle over \$120,000, while the Standard Oil Company's loss is about \$150,000. These figures with certain other small losses make a total loss by Wednesday's fire about \$300,000.

The loss by to-day's fire will not exceed \$150,000. Lecompte & Perkins, whose loss is about \$25,000, is covered by insurance. Warden, Frow & Co.'s loss is estimated at \$50,000.

# CINCINNATI S.ENGERFEST.

inserted and the concert commenced with the "German Battle Vow and Prayer." which was rendered so effectively. evening by Mr. Remmertz and the Chorus.

The programme was Schuman's, or "Das Glueck Von Edenhall," and a portion of it was fairly given.

The grand attraction of the evening was the Mansoni Requiem, written by Verdi, in honor of Alexander Mansoni, and first performed in Milan in 1874. The scheep latter was exceedingly good in its execu-tion and fairly won the honors. Th-duet, "Kindly Jesus Recollects Me," duet, "Kindly Jesus Recollects Me,"
sung by Madame Alvsleben and Miss
o Cranch, held the audience spell bound
d and at its close a burst of applause, hearty
s and long-continued, gained a repetition of
the aria. As a whole, the execution of the
d entire number was a great credit to the
soloists, chorus and orchestra. Thus far
to the Saengerfest has fully demonstrated,
that the change in its Constitution permitting a mixed chorus was dictated by wisdom, and it has been productive of great
musical successes. It was nearly midnight when the concert was finished.

# Refused to Submit to Arbitration. wners refusing to submit their differ-

ence with the spinners to arbitration, a committee of the latter will determine tonight the subject of a notification to-mor-row night, in which the first mill's strike for higher wages shall begin. The mill agents propose shutting down all the mills, and if such action is taken 12,000 hands will be

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, June 13.

SENATE.

On motion of Mr. Withers the army appropriation bill was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Appro-

and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

On motion of Maxey the House supplemental post route bill was taken up, amended and passed.

On motion of Beck the Senate proceeded to consider the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill as reported from the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. Beck explained the bill with a view to simplifying it as it came from the House. He had himself proposed as a substitute an amendment presenting the usual form of such appropriation bill without changing the amount or purpose of the appropriation, except according to the amounts made by the Senate Committee on Appropriations. He was not, however, authorized by the committee to report that substitute in the substitute of the supportations.

printion, except according to the amounts made by the Senate Committee on Appropriations. He was not, however, authorized by the committee to report that substitute, still it might aid the Senate to understand the House bill.

Mr. Windom thought he could not vote for the bill as passed by the House. It was an incomprehensible affair, and it would be far better to pass the bill lately vetoed without political clauses.

Mr. Beck explained that the bill had been passed in its present form by the House and accepted by the Senate Committee, with the view of hastening action and permitting an early adjournment.

Mr. Windom moved to re-commit the bill, that the Committee might have an opportunity to report the bill in the usual form.

Mr. Houston opposed the motion on account of the delay it would cause.

Mr. Allison supported Mr. Windom's motion. He could not understand why the bill, which had been agreed to twice by both houses during this session should not be nessed again without dispulled no.

by both houses during this session should not be passed again without disputed political clauses.

Mr. Davis (of West Virginia) opposed

Mr. Davis (of West Virginia) opposed to the motion.

Mr. Blaine supported it, and severely criticised the form of the bill, saying, among other things that as it came from it the House it actually appropriated nothing at all, and the Senate Committee had to amend it by inserting the necessary appropriating clause. He thought it little short of a disgrace for Congress to send it such a thing out as an appropriation bill. He read some of the language of the bill, and amid laughter, which followed, said off the people did not know where this fit fithe people did not know where this language was used they would think it was taken from some joke book. Yet this was what came from the House as an appropriation bill. He thought a good motion would be one to kick the whole thing under the table.

would be one to kick the whole thing under the table.

Mr. Conkling also iterided the bill.

Mr. Windom's motion to recommit was lost. Yeas 23, nays 32, a strict party vote, except that of Mr. Davis, of Illinois, who voted yea.

Mr. Anthony hoped that Mr. Beck's

Mr. Anthony hoped that Mr. Beck's substitute would be considered.
Mr. Beck explained that the committee had not reported on his substitute, and he felt compelled to stand by the action of his committee and would support the bill as reported.

The bill was then read for action on committee amendments.

Committee amendments.

When the first clause had been read Mr. Windom asked Mr. Beck to inform him how much money that clause appropriated.

Mr. Beck said he could tell how much that the hill appropriated parallel.

he whole bill appropriated, namely bout \$15,900,000. It was hard to say what any one clause appropriated.

Mr. Windom said every clause of Mr. nillions of what this clause appropr

[Laughter.]

Mr. Beck's reply and discussion that
followed was a repetition of the previous

followed was a repetition of the previous debate.

Mr. Blaine rose to a point of order, and asked in what parliamentary form he could offer an amendment to any of the clauses repealed or continued by this bill, if he objected to any of them.

Mr. Beck thought this bill could be amended just like any other.

Mr. Blaine said nothing could be amended ed that was not read at the clerks desk. He could not fire a blank shot in the air in hope that it would strike something in last years bill.

last years bill.

Mr. Beck thought that last years bill could be read.

Mr. Blaine did not know under wha

rule.

The presiding officer, Mr. Garland, remarked that he did not feel called on to decide a hypothetical case and asked Mr. Blaine to state his amendment.

Mr. Blaine therefore offered an amend

wagons for transporting the Senate mails. There was considerable, laughter and confusion, nobody could find such a provision in the bill and Mr. Blaine would only say that it came in some where under the first clause.

Several Democrats protested against this method of what they considered obstruction.

struction.

After some further debate Blaine withdrew his amendment, and the reading of the bill was proceeded with At the end of ebate was renewed as indicated above. Blaine at one time going so far as to say the bill really appropriated nothing for the year 1880, but only amended and limited appropriations for 1872.

CINCINNATI MENGERPENT.

Last Night's Concert.

CINCINNATI, June 13.—This was the galanight of the festival, and the house was fairly packed, probably five thousand peoles helps present. An extra number was the bill "would be a jackass if he could not understand what Congress meant by it."

the bill "would be a jackass if he could not understand what Congress meant by it." General laughter followed this remark and good humor took the place of the general irritation before manifested.

Mr. Rollins submitted an amendment appropriating \$150,000 to pay judgments of the Court of Claims. Rejected, yeas 17, nava 30. 17, nays 30. Mr. Bailey submitted an amendment

Air. Bailey submitted an amendment appropriating \$15,000 for collecting sta-tistics and compiling matter for the an-nual report and the editing and publish-ing of circulars of information by the Bureau of Education. Adopted. The bill was reported back to the Sen-

The bill was reported back to the Senate and the amendments made in Conmittee of the Whole agreed to,

Mr. Blaine obtained assurance from Mr. Beck that the bill contained nothing affecting the disputed political questions, saying he could not find out himself what it did or did not contain.

The bill was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Walface moved to proceed to the consideration of executive business.

Mr. Conkling moved to adjourn. Agreed to. Adjourned.

Mr. Garrison, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill author-izing an allowance for loss, by leakage or casualty, of spirits withdrawn from a dis-

llery or warehouses for exportation eferred to Committee of the Whole. Mr. Pound introduced a bill authorizing the Secretary of War to use certain monies appropriated by the act of March 3, 1879, for the protection of high sandbanks of the Chippewa river. Passed.

Mr. Young (Tenn.), from the Committee on Public Bulldings and Grounds, reported a joint resolution for the complestion of the foundation of the Washington Monament. Mr. Pound introduced a bill authorizing

ported by Ferdinand Wood in the last Congress, and intended to cut off all class legislation. The bill is subject to the terms of such grants as have been hereto-fore made by Congress, for laying and maintaining telegraph cables. The bill passed, land line House soon afterwards adjourned.

## THE TURE.

CHILLICOTHE RACES. CHILLICOTHE RACES.

CHILLICOTHE, O., June 13.—The third and last day of the races was characterized by fine weather, and the aftendance was better than on either of the preceding days. A large number of ladies occupied seats, and a large number of carriages and vehicles were in the field. The track was not in good condition, not having recovered from the effects of the heavy rain the last two days.

ed from the effects of the heavy rain the last two days.

In the first race, hotel stakes for two year olds, \$25 entrance, half forfeit, \$100 added by the Association, dash of half a mile, there were five entries and three starters, Beal's entry, Buster and Belle-of-the-West. Buster was made the favorite in the pools, but failed to fulfill the hopes of his backers, coming in bad, third. Belle-of-the-West best won with ease in 54.

Second race—Club purse, \$250; second horse \$50, for all ages, dash of 1½ miles. There were five entries and starters, Ada Lambert, Lapland, Surge, Claudia and Momentum. Surge was first and Claudia second. Claudia won this race in 2:46. Lapland made the running interesting for more than a mile, but after passing under the string on entering on the last half mile, he was challenged and caught by Claudia.

Third race—Consolation, purse. \$200.

Claudia.

Third race—Consolation purse, \$200; second horse, \$50; mile heats, three starters, Salema, Index and John Harper. The latter was the favorite two to one in the pools, and took both heats with the greatest possible ease. Time 1:431, 1:49. It is reported that the horse Harper was purchased bp a Rose county man after the race for \$1,200.

## PITTSBURGH RACES.

PITTSBURGH RACES.

PITTSBURGH, June 13.—The fourth and last day at Friendship Park. The splendid weather of the past week continues to-day and the attendance was fully as large as any previous day. The first race to-day was a trot for 2:30 class, purse of seven hundred dollars. Three hundred and fifty to first, \$175 to second, \$105 to third, and \$70 to fourth. Fourteen entries and eleven starjers. Bay Fannie taking the first two heats and getting set back in 8 third and fourth for running. The final heats will be trotted in the morning. Summary:

Time, 2:25%, 2:29%, 2:28. The meeting, closing with to-day's races, has been the most successful ever held here, both in the excellence of the sport and financially, the grounds being crowded each day with the best class of people. The date of the summer meeting is not yet announced.

There were seven entries and six starter

ummary:

the stable of John Clark, of this city, Among the horses there were Davie, owned by John M. King, of this city; Gail Hamilton, owned by Chas. Noble, Philadeldelphia; Albomarle Kitty and Forest Girl, owned by Dan Mace, and a bay mare owned by Paul Zimmerman, of Pittsburgh. The horses were all taken out and saved, except Davie, who ran back to his stall, and was burned to death. The flames spread to the ladies' stand, under which were stalled Dan Mace's famous works.

ST. LOUIS RACES. heats; thirty-three entered, and six starters as follows: Bonnie Oaks, John W. Norton, Headlight, Buckeye, Keene follows: Keene Richards 165, Norton 40, Oaks 35, Headlight 30, field 100.

one length; Norton secondird. Time 1:454. sold, Omega 150, Keen The pools now sold, Richards 110, field 155. Richards 110, field 155.

The second heat was taken by Richards beating Oaks half a length, Buckeye third. Time 1:40‡. Pools now sold even on Richards, and Omega and all the other horses were drawn out of the race under the rules.

The third heat was a very pretty contest. A blanket would have covered bark.

front and won the heat and race by a length. Time 1:46?

In the second heat of this race Headlight stumbled and fell on the back stretch, and his jockey, Moriarity, received an injury on the head which made him delirious, but his condition is pronounced as not very serious by physiciars who.

as not very serious by physicians who examined him. A New Line from Betroit to Toledo. TORONTO, June 12.—It is understood that the Great Western Railway Company, of Canada, has entered into a contract with the Wabash and Grand Trunk Railroad

# Northern Ohio Crop Prospects. CLEVELAND, O., June 13.—The Leader publishes reports from all parts of North-

ern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, giving the condition of the crops. The frosts last week did little damage. There will be about a two-thirds crop of wheat. The prospects are that the corn crop will be a failure. Oats about a two-thirds crop. The hay crop will be very light. Fruits very light.

# GALVESTON, June 13.-The stage was

stopped by four masked men near Men-ardsville Wednesday night, and the mail bags rified. The day after a Mrs. Coismer and her two daughters were murdored by Indians, and two men were killed by them on the upper ford. The Indians, also attacked a party of ten camped on Devils river, but were repulsed.

tee on Public Buildings and Grounds, reported a joint resolution for the completion of the foundation of the Washington Monument. Passed.

Mr. Morton, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported, by unanimous consent, a bill to allow any telegraph company to land ocean cables on the coat of the United States. This is the bill re-

# FOREIGN NEWS.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE HANLAN-ELLIO.T MATCH.

New CASTLE, June 13.—At a meeting this evening the final deposit in behalf of Hanlan and Elliott was made. Doctor Luke Armstrong, President of the Amateur Club, was unanimously chosen referee, and Thomas Swaddle distance judge. It was agreed that the men should be in their boats ready to start by 11:45 Monday morning. The chairman of the meeting asked whether, in the event of Hanlan's winning, the next contest for the Sportsman's Challenge Cup could take place in Canada. The chairman observed that the question was an important one, and could only be decided by the trustees and donors of the cup, whose regulations distinctly stated it could only be contested for on the Thames or Tyne. Col. Shaw, of Toronto, appealed to the generosity of the trustees. He could promise any English sculler a hearty reception in Canada, and had no doubt but that the expenses of the journey to Canada would be cheerfully allowed. The editor of the Sportsman promised to communicate with the trustees. Doubtless their decision would be dicated solely by what they believed to be in the interests of sculling. Hanlan's supporters left the question of the starting point entirely in the hands of Elliott's Iriends. A point off Manshouse was fixed on.

AGAINST MOVING THE CHAMBER AGAINST MOVING THE CHAMBERS.

PARIS, June 13.—M. Leroyer, Minister of Justice, to-day communicated to the Senatorial Committee the Government's bill providing for the maintenance of order, etc., in case of the return of the Chambers to Paris. Notwithstanding the fact that the Government had presented the bill, the committee decided by a vote of 6 to 2 to adhere to their decision to report against the return of the legislative bodies to Paris.

A Paris special says: Rumor finds urrency in Cairo, that the Khedive is in-lined to abdicate. The correspondent onsiders the rumor not surprising, as the Chedive would thereby secure succession on his son and a pension to himself.

Russia has proposed that Aleko Pasha shall not be allowed to summon Turkish troops without the consent of a majority of the International Commission. All

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS. Private dispatches say that Lieutenant joyernor Lettellier, of Canada, will not be dismissed.

The workingmen of San Francisco yesterday, nominated C. J. Beerstecher for Railroad Commissioner for that district.

N. S. Vincent, a well known citizen of Westerville, O., while handling a loaded

gun yesterday was shot, and so severely wounded that he died in a few hours later Wounded Lat he died in a tew nours later. Ellsworth Adams, a student in attendance on the Academy at Central College, Columbus, O., and Adam Gerhart, aged Il years, were drowned while bathing in the Scioto river yesterday.

The New York State Committee of the The New York State Committee of the Greenback party, met at Syracuse yester-day. All the differences between the factions in New York were harmonized, and the State Convention will meet at Utica,

The Louisiana Constitutional Con-

the Fifth District Congressional Convention, held there yesterday, nominated Major Thompson on the 84th ballot to fill the vacancy in Congress made by Representative Cark, deceased.

A State Temperance Association has been called to meet at Searcy, Arkansas, on the 20-h of June, when the Woman's Temperance Union for Arkansas will be organized. Fare is reduced on railroads, and citizens will entertain delegates free. and citizens will entertain delegates free.

The Chicago Commercial Club arrived
at Boston yesterday morning, and were
escorted to a hotel by the Boston Commercial Club. They afterwards visited
the State House, and were received by the
Lieutenant Governor, and they then
drove to the City Hall, where Mayor
Ball welcomed them. This evening they
visited the theatre.

Chamber of Commerce was held last even-ng for the purpose of considering the pro-posed commercial treaty between France and the United States. There was unusuposed commercial treaty between France and the United States. There was unusually a large attendance, which included several gentlemen not members of the Chamber. The sense of the meeting was decidedly against the proposed treaty.

# Crop Prospects in Marion County.

sirmont Index, of yesterday.

Mr. R. C. Dunnington, of this place. whose business takes him pretty well over the county, informs us that the prospects for this year's crops while not very pron ising are certainly not discouraging. He says the wheat crop is quite promising and will be good—better than that of last year—and that a good average number of acres were sown. Corn has been replanted in were sown. Corn has been replanted in most localities in the county, and we will likely have a fair crop, though late. Grass will be a little short.

# Mr. Samuel Dill, of the Glades, was in own on Monday. He reports crops look-

ing rather bad in that neighborhood especially the corn. He also says the frost on both Friday and Saturday nights, did considerable damage in the Glades.

For Additional Telegraph See Fourth Page Wicked for Clergymen. Wicked for Clergymen.

"I believe it to be all wrong and even wicked for clergymen or other public men to be led into giving testimonials to quack doctors or vile stuffs called medicines, but when a really meritorious article is made up of common valuable remedies known to all, and that all physicians use and trust in daily, we should freally command. to all, and that all physicians use and trust in daily, we should freely commend it. I therefore cheerfully and heartily commend Hop Bitters for the good they have done me and my friends, firmly believing they have no equal for family use. I will not be without them."

[Fax. — Washington, D. C.

Rev. —, Washington, D. C. Forsale by LACOILLE BOOK, & Co., Whole ale Druggists, Wheeling, W. Va.

# PURDY.—At Cameron, W. Va., on Friday evaning, June 18, 1879, at 7 o'clock, Mrs. Handin, wile of J. H. Pardy. Interment at Stone Church Cemetery, Elm Grove, Sanday morning at 10% o'clock. CHEMIST.

DIED.

CHARLES E. DWIGHT. PRACTICAL CHEMIST,

Is prepared to make careful and complete analyses of Iron Ores, Limestones, Miners' Waters, etc.

# LABORATORY, COR. 24TH AND CHAPLING STR.,